

RASHTRIYA SWABHIMAN SANGH PARTY

A-104, SINGHVI TOWER, OPPOSITE HATKESH, MIRA- BHAYANDER ROAD,
MIRA ROAD, (E), MAHARASHTRA-401107, INDIA.

CONTACT NO- 8669224422 EMAIL ID- rssparybharat@gmail.com

CONSTITUTION AND RULES

RASHTRIYA SWABHIMAN SANGH PARTY

Article I: Name of the Party

The name of the Party is “**RASHTRIYA SWABHIMAN SANGH PARTY**” (hereinafter referred to as The Party)

Article II: Objective of the Party

The party shall bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established. Democracy, Socialism and Secularism will be the basic tenets of the party and would uphold the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India.

The Party is pledged to build up India as a High Super Power strong New India develop in the World and prosperous nation which is modern, progressive and enlightened in outlook and which proudly draws inspiration from India's ancient culture and values and thus is able to emerge as a great world power playing an effective role in the country of Nations for the establishment of world peace and justice for all.

The Party aims at establishing a democratic state which guarantees to all citizens of India irrespective of caste, creed or sex, political, socio financial and economic justice, equality of opportunity and liberty of faith and expression Right to recall, Jan Lokpal, fight Against Poverty-Dirty-Dynastic Politics, Women's Empowerment, Judiciary Empowerment, Police Empowerment, Military Empowerment will be implemented.

The party is committed to the task of building a developed democratic India based on the principle of equal opportunity to all the citizens. The Party will lay special emphasis on improving the condition of the socially and economically disadvantaged section of society in order to build an India based on lofty objectives of our freedom struggle and Gandhian Principles.

The Party will Endeavour to campaign against evil influence of money power and muscle power vitiating the democratic politics.

The party will pursue a policy of social and economic justice and development. It believes in Gandhian concept of decentralisation of power so that the fruits of development could be made available to all the citizens. It also believes in peaceful and democratic forms of expression of dissent.

The Party is firmly committed to secularism and is against the concept of a theocratic state. The ideologies of the party on which the party is committed is Social Justice, Corruption Free Society, Socialism, the way of thinking that unites the society irrespective of cast and creed, Politics without mentioning of religions, Abolishment of hereditary policies and the way to love is to move forward with the goal of service.

The Party will achieve its objectives through peaceful and democratic forms of campaigns like meetings, seminars, conferences and rallies. It will also raise the contemporary issues affecting common citizens during election campaigns.

The Party declares that it will contest the elections conducted by the Election Commission of India, within five years of its registration and thereafter will continue to contest. The party further declares that if the party does

not contest elections continuously for six years the party will be taken off from the list of registered parties.

The Party declares that it will not in any manner promote or instigate or participate in violence.

Article III: BASIC PHILOSOPHY

Integral Humanism New India Model of Akhand Bharat shall be the basic philosophy of the Party

Article IV: COMMITMENTS

The Party shall be committed to nationalism and national integration, democracy, Veer Savarkar's ideology of "AKHAND BHARAT" Subhash Chandra Bose Socialism, Positive Secularism, that is, "Jana Vikas" and value-based politics. The party stands for decentralisation Central, State, District, Zilla Parishad, Grama Panchayat of economic and political power.

ARTICLE V: ORGANS OF THE PARTY

(ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE)

The party will, at present, be a national level party having its registered office at Maharashtra.

A. At present the Party shall have following units:

1. National Central level:
 - a) The Plenary or Special Sessions of the Party
 - b) The National Central Council; and
 - c) The National Executive
2. State level:
 - a) State Level council; and

- b) State Executives
- 3. Regional Committees
- 4. District Committees
- 5. Zilla Parishad Committees
- 6. Mandal Committees
- 7. Gram Panchayat / Shahari Kendra Committees
- 8. Local Committees

Note:

1. *The area of a Mandal or a Local Committee will be determined by the State Executive concerned. No local Committee shall have more than 3000 population.*
2. *Area of a District shall ordinarily be the same as of an administrative district in a State unless the State Executive determines otherwise, but all cities with more than 3 lakhs population may be treated as separate districts.*
3. *A city area with more than 30 lakhs population may be divided into more than one District as may be determined by the State Executive concerned.*

B. Terms of office & periodicity of election

The terms of all National councils and executive committee at all levels shall be of four years. The term of all office bearers of the party shall be four years. The party election will be held every four years.

C. Election of apex level committee and representative bodies of the party.

The party declares that the election of apex level committee and representative bodies of the party are constituted through democratic election process and the nomination of members of such bodies will be restricted to a minimum scale not exceeding 1/3rd of the strength of the committee/Body.

Article VI: MEMBERSHIP

- a. Any citizen of India the age of 18 years or above who accepts Articles II' III and IV of the Constitution shall, on making a written declaration in the Membership

form and on payment of a prescribed subscription, become a member of the Party, provided that he is not a member of any other political party.

- b. The term of membership will ordinarily be of 1 year (as decided by the National Executive from time to time). With the beginning of the new term all the members of the Party will have to fill membership forms again. In the meantime membership will cease by death, resignation or removal.
- c. No person shall become a member except in his place of permanent residence or where he carries on his usual vocation but at one time, he/she shall not be a member at more than one place.
- d. The member will have to apply in writing to the District/State concerned for a change of jurisdiction of their membership.

- i) Membership forms of the Party shall be printed by the respective State Units only.

- ii) Membership forms shall be serially numbered. After a six year term, the serial Number will again be from 1. They shall carry the signature of the State President.

- iii) Membership forms shall be issued in the form of books. In the first year of the membership being taken up in the area for the first time a book containing 25 forms will be issued. Normally a book will have 10 forms.

- iv) A District/ Mandal unit shall primarily be responsible for the enrolment of members. The state unit shall issue membership forms to the district units. As a special case, membership forms will also be issued to individual members

but not more than 50 forms shall be issued at one time. Additional membership forms shall be issued to the individual only when full account of the forms already issued is rendered and fees deposited. If there are complaints that any District unit is not issuing forms properly, the State unit, after due verification of facts may issue forms to the Party units or individuals and inform the District unit concerned accordingly.

v) When membership forms are issued, a signed acknowledgment shall be obtained by the State/ District/ Mandal units. In the event of any individual failing to return the unused forms and/ or account of used forms in time he shall be disqualified from contesting organizational elections for that term.

vi) The District units shall prepare the list of members for every term local committee and Mandal wise. New members enrolled would be added to the list. A detailed proforma of the total number of members' each local committee and Mandal-wise would be sent to the State office. While preparing the proforma the number of those members who have died or resigned or were removed during the term would also be mentioned and their number reduced from the total list.

Vii) Active Member application forms will also be printed by the State unit. The completed forms received by the Mandal from the members would be forwarded to the District Party Office for their approval. The approved forms would be sent to the District Office where

Date
Time

a list of Active Members would be prepared Mandalwise, Copies of these lists would be sent to the Mandal, State and Central offices and untill these lists reach central office elections cannot be held for the mandal level units.

No member of the Party can enrol in more than one place in either of the lists prepared under sulxlause 6 (a) or (b). If a member wants a change of place he will have to apply under Article VIII (a) 4.

(Viii) Any State or its subordinate unit which fails to comply with these rules shall be liable to disciplinary action.

(IX) Rules for disposal of objections or appeals therefrom for the preparation of electoral rolls will be framed by the National Executive.

(X) For Party elections, generally every three years. The National Executive would prepare the time table. Primary and final publication of members lists shall be done at Local, Mandal and District offices. Final publication of Active Members lists shall be done at Mandal, District and State offices.

Article VII: REGISTER OF MEMBERS

1. A Register of Members of Local committee area-wise shall be prepared by the Mandal Committee duly authenticated and certified by the District Executive I accordance with the rules prescribed by the National Executive. A copy of the verified Membership Register will be sent to the concerned Local Committee and file District Committee.

2. The register so prepared shall contain the full name, father's name / husband's name, age, occupation, address, serial number of membership form and the date of enrolment of every member as well as the year and membership form number of his first enrolment in the RASHTRIYA SWABHIMAN SANGH PARTY.

VIII: ACTIVE MEMBER

1. To become an Active Member of the Party –
 - a) His membership of the Party should not be less than 3 years.
 - b) He will deposit an amount of Rs. 100/- (personally or by collection) alongwith his active membership form. Even if his form is not accepted this amount would not be refunded.
 - c) He will participate in programmes of party including agitational programmes.
 - d) He will subscribe to party magazine-state or central
Only an Active Member will be eligible to contest elections for a Mandal Committee or become member of any Committee or Council above the level of a Mandal Committee.
2. At the beginning of every term each Active Member will fill in Form - B and submit it to his District Office.
3. For every term all Active Members enrolment forms would be forwarded with the recommendation of the District President. These forms will be considered by a three-member Sub-Committee, two of whom will be appointed by the District President and one to be appointed by the State President to be its chairman.

The Committee will also exempt certain cases as laid down in Sub-rule 1(a) and (c)

The decision of the Sub-Committee will be notified in the District Office.

An appeal against the decision of the District Sub-Committee shall lie within 10 days with a three-man Committee constituted by the State Executive.

A second appeal over file decision of state three-man committee will lie with a national three men committee nominated by National President.

Accepted forms will be sent back to the district office where a Mandal-wise list will be prepared.

4. The list of Active Membership shall contain the full name, father's/husband's name, age, occupation address, form ad serial no's, of his/her first-time membership of the party. Serial number and date of active Membership Form and such other details as are required from time to time. One computerised copy each of the Mandal-wise list of Active Members prepared by the district Committee will be set to the Mandal, state and Central Office.
5. An Active Member will be eligible to take part in Party elections only from areas with which his Mandal is directly linked at the District and State level.
6. No active member will be prevented from contesting party elections on charges of disciplinary action against him after the announcement of election schedule by the national executive.

Article IX: CATEGORISATION OF STATES

- (a) The States shall be divided into 3 categories.
Category 1 – The States that have got 5 or less than 5 Lok Sabha seats.
Category 2 – The States that have got 6 to 20 Lok Sabha seats.

Category 3 – The States that have got 21 or more Lok Sabha seats.

- (b) The State / Union Territory, where the existing 4-tier organisational system is not feasible, may adopt a suitable system with the prior consent of the National President.

ARTICLE -X OFFICE BEARER OF THE PARTY

1. A local committee area must have at least 50 members. But where the population of the area is less than one thousand the number of members shall be at least 25.
2. The President and members of a Local Committee, will be elected by all the members of the area as prescribed by the rules.
3. The local committee have been divided into 4 categories:
 - 1) Local Committee having 25 to 50 members.
 - 2) Local Committee having 50 to 150 members.
 - 3) Local Committee having 150 to 300 members.
 - 4) Local Committee having 300 members and above.
4. For category (1) Local Committee, President and 8 members will be elected out of which at least 4 will be woman. The President will nominate one Secretary from amongst the members.

For category (2) Local Committee President and 12 members will be elected out of which at least 6 will be women. The President will nominate one General Secretary and one Secretary from among the members.

For category (3) Local Committee, President and 16 members will be elected out of which at least 8 will be women. The President will nominate one Vice-President one General Secretary and one Secretary from among the members.

For category (4) Local Committee, President and 20 members will be elected out of which at least 10 will be women. The President will nominate 2 Vice-President one General Secretary and 2 Secretaries from among the members. Among office bearers at least one must be a woman.

5. The Local Committee President must be a member of the party for not less than one year. The District President can waive this one-year period in deserving cases.
6. All members of the Local Committee shall meet at an appointed time, date and place, fixed for elections. Candidates will file their nomination papers (Form C) an hour before the time of poll. After scrutiny and withdrawals, election, if necessary, shall ordinarily be by show of hands and declaration of result shall be on the basis of getting more votes.

ARTICLE XI: GRAM PANCHAYAT KENDRA/SHAHARI KENDRA

A Gram Panchayat Kendra /Shahari Kendra will have viable number of local committee units under its jurisdiction which will be decided by the State. The Mandal President will nominate from among Mandal Executive Committee members, a Convener of a Kendra. The local committee Presidents of the Kendra will be members of the Kendra Committee.

ARTICLE XII: MANDAL COMMITTEE

- a) A Mandal Committee of category 1 state shall consist of a President and not more than 20 members, at least 10 of whom shall be women and 5 belonging to S.C./S.T. The President of the Mandal shall nominate from amongst the members of the Committee, not more than two Vice-Presidents, one General Secretary, one Treasurer not more than three Secretaries.
 - b) A Mandal Committee of category 2 state shall consist of a President and not more than 30 members, at least 15 of whom shall be women and 6 belonging to S.C./S.T. The President of the Mandal shall nominate from amongst the members of the Committee, not more than two Vice-Presidents, one General Secretary, one Treasurer and not more than three Secretaries.
 - c) A Mandal Committee of category 3 state shall consist of a President and not more than 40 members, at least 5 of whom shall be women and 3 belonging to S.C./S.T. The President of the Mandal shall nominate from amongst the members of the Committee, not more than two Vice-Presidents, one General Secretary, one Treasurer and not more than four Secretaries.
- 1. The President and members of the Committee shall be elected by all the elected members of at least as many Local Committee of the Mandal the number of which shall be determined by the State Executive.
 - 2. The office-bearers of a Mandal Committee of all the categories shall include at least one woman and one belonging to S.C./S.T. among them.

3. Only active members can be the Mandal Committee members. The District President can waive this condition of three years period to become an active member in such cases where it is absolutely necessary.
4. Mandal Committee Election will be held only when members have been enrolled for the new term.

ARTICLE XIII: DISTRICT COMMITTEE

- (1) (a) District Committee of Category 1 shall consist of A President and not more than 30 members, at least 15 of whom shall be women and 6 belonging to S.C./S.T. The President of the District Committee shall nominate from, amongst the elected members of his committee not more than three Vice-Presidents, one General Secretary, one Treasurer and not more than three Secretaries, among office bearers one will be a woman.
- (b) District Committee of Category 2 shall consist of a President and not more than 50 members, at least 25 of whom shall be women and 12 belonging to S.C./S.T. The President of the District Committee shall nominate from, amongst the elected members of his committee not more than four Vice-Presidents, two General Secretary, (out of whom one will be organising Secretary) one Treasurer and not more than four Secretaries, among office bearers one will be a woman and one SC/CT.
- (C) District Committee of Category 3 shall consist of a President and not more than 60 members, at least 30 of whom shall be women and 15

belonging to S.C./S.T. The President of the District Committee shall nominate from, amongst the elected members of his committee not more than five Vice-Presidents, three General Secretaries, (out of whom one will be organising Secretary) one Treasurer and not more than five Secretaries, among office bearers one will be a woman and one SC/CT.

- (2) The District Committee President shall be elected by the members of all the elected Mandal Committees. Any ten members of the District Electoral College should jointly propose any active member for the post of District President, but such proposal should come from at least 1/3 of the elected Mandal's. The President will nominate other members of the committee giving due representation to the geographical, professional social and organisational spread.
- (3) With the prior consent of the State President, the District can appoint one General Secretary (Organization) even from outside the elected members of his committee. He will be a full member of the Committee.
- (4) President must be a primary member for a minimum period of six years and other committee members are to be primary members for not less than three years. They must also be active members. In exceptional cases and in the best interest of District Unit the District can waive this condition for five members at ten maximum and with prior permission of the state president.
- (5) Election for the District Committee and State Council members to be elected from district will be held only when 50% of the total Mandals in the District have been duly constituted.

ARTICLE XIV: STATE COUNCIL

1. A State Council shall consist of:

- a) Members elected by the District Units as laid down in sub-clause 2.
- b) 10% of Party legislators to be elected by all the members of the legislative part, but not less than 10; if the total number of legislators is below 10, then all of them.
- c) 10% of Party Parliament members from the State, but not less than 3. If the number of Parliament members from the State is below 3, then all of them.
- d) All members of National Council from the State.
- e) All former State Presidents.
- f) All members of the State Executive.
- g) All office-bearers of a Regional Committee.
- h) Leaders of the Party in State Assembly and State Council.
- i) Presidents and General Secretaries of the District Committees in the State.
- j) Party Presidents/Chairman of Corporations, Municipalities, Zila Parishads and Blocks.
- k) Nominated members (not more than 50) by the State President.
- l) State Presidents of allied Morchas and Cells.

2. Members of the elected Mandal Committees in a District shall elect members for the State Council equal in number to the number of seats in the State Assembly allocated to the district, provided that these elected members shall include a minimum number of persons belonging to Scheduled Castes / Tribes, equal to the Assembly seats reserved for them from that District.

Two Legislative Assembly Constituencies of each District shall be grouped together and divided into Sectors and at least one representative must be elected from each Sector. The demarcation of these sectors shall be made by the State Executive. If the members so elected do not include a woman member and if all additional representative not belonging to Scheduled Castes / Tribes shall be elected for the State Council from the District.

3. Each member of the State Council shall pay a fee of Rs. 50/-

ARTICLE XV: STATE EXECUTIVE

- a. The State Executive of Category 1 State shall consist of a President and not more than 100 members, at least six (35) of whom shall be women and four (20) belonging to S.C./S.T.
- b. The State Executive of Category 2 State shall consist of a President and not more than 100 members, at least eight (35) of whom shall be women and five (20) belonging to S.C./S.T.
- c. The State Executive of Category 3 State shall consist of a President and not more than 100 members, at least ten (35) of whom shall be S.C./S.T. and not more than 20 women.
- d. The President shall be elected by members of the State Council from categories (4), (b) and (c) of Article XV as per rules prescribed by the National Executive.
- e. The President would nominate from among the members of the Executive of Category 1 State not more than four Vice-Presidents, two General Secretaries (one of them to be General Secretary-

Organization) four Secretaries and one Treasure. Among office bearers one will be woman and 1 SC/ST.

- (i) The President would nominate from among the members of the Executive of Category 2 State not more than five Vice-Presidents, three General Secretaries (one of them to be General Secretary-Organization) five Secretaries and one Treasure. Among office bearers one will be woman and 1 SC/ST.
 - (ii) The President would nominate from among the members of the Executive of Category 3 State not more than six Vice-Presidents, four General Secretaries (one of them to be General Secretary-Organization) six Secretaries and one Treasure. Among office bearers one will be woman and 1 SC/ST.
- f. Any ten members of state electoral college should jointly propose any person who has been an active member for three terms and a primary member for 10 years, for the post of President. Such joint proposal should come from at least 1/3 of the elected district. The consent of the candidate is necessary.

ARTICLE XVI: NATIONAL COUNCIL

1. The National Council shall consist of:

- (a) Members elected by the State Council as laid down in sub-clause 2;
- (b) 10% of the Party members of parliament, but all up to 10%;
- (c) All former National Presidents;
- (d) All State Presidents;
- (e) Leaders of the Party in Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha;
- (f) Leaders of the Party in State Assemblies and Councils;

- (g) Nominated members (not more than 40) by the National President;
- (h) All members of the National Executive; and
- (i) All India Presidents of Allied mochas and Cells.

2. Members of the State Council comprised in Categories (a) (b) and (c) of Article XV shall elect members for the National Council equal to the number of Lok Sabha seats allocated to that State, provided that these members shall include a minimum number of persons belonging to Schedule Castes / Tribes equal to the number of seats reserved for them from that State. Two Lok Sabha Constituencies of the State shall be grouped together and divided into Sectors and at least one representative from each sector must be elected. The demarcation of these sectors shall be made by the National Executive.

3. Every member of the National Council shall pay a fee of Rs. 100/-

ARTICLE XVII: ELECTION OF THE NATIONAL PRESIDENT

A. Election of National President and National Executive Members

1. For election of the National President and National Executive Members, the National Executive shall appoint a Returning Officer who shall not hold any office-bearer's post at the National level for four years after the elections. The Returning Officer shall appoint Presiding Officers and make arrangements for the poll.

2. Presiding Officers shall forward the ballot boxes to the Returning Officers. After the receipt of all the ballot boxes, the returning officer shall count the votes of each candidate in presence of one observer from Every Candidate.

3. The election process to various offices of the party will take place in the similar manner through free, fair and democratic election. (No office should be hereditary or held permanently). The functioning of the party will be democratic and the decision-making process will be taken by the way of majority views of the representative body of appropriate level.

B. POWERS OF OFFICE OF THE OFFICE BEARERS:

PRESIDENT

1. To Preside over the settings of the concerned Committee or Council.
2. To nominate /as per the Constitution, members/ office bearers to his Committee/ Executive.
3. To allocate the work and duties among the office-bearers and members of the Committee/ Executive.
4. To exercise any power of his Executive/ Committee, in an emergency, when it is not in session provided that any such action will have to be approved in its subsequent meeting.
5. To take part in talks with other Parties and to nominate representatives from the Party for the work.
6. To decide the date of the Committee/ Executive meeting and to convene the meeting as per rules of the Party Constitution.
7. To appoint Presidents for the various Morchas and Cells of the Party and to co-ordinate their functioning.
8. To conduct workers Study Camps and Conferences as organized by the Committee/ Executive.

9. To guide the Committee/ Executive in implementing programmes for furthering the organizational and constructive activities and agitational programmes of the Party.
10. The Presidents of the various Units will be authorized to spend upon the following amounts on their own:

Rs. 5,00/-

Rs. 2,000/-

Rs. 10,000/-

Rs. 50,000/-

If under unavoidable circumstances, amounts more than authorized are spent, it would be essential to get the necessary approval at the very next meeting of the Committee/ Executive.

VICE-PRESIDENT

1. To carry out the responsibilities as directed by the President.
2. In the absence of the President the Vice-President specially authorized by the President in writing, will preside over the meeting. If no such direction has been made, any one of the Vice-Presidents, and if all the Vice-Presidents are absent then the Committee/ Executive can call on any one of its members present to preside.
3. In place of the President, the Vice-President directed by the President will discharge all the functions and powers of the President.

GENERAL SECRETARY

1. To convene meetings as per the instructions of the President, issue circulars and agendas as well as to organize the meetings.
2. To maintain the minutes of the meeting and to circulate it among members.

3. To organize programmes, meetings, conferences, agitations and to look after publicity.
4. To run the office of the Party and make necessary appointments with the consent of the President.
5. To execute the decisions of the President and the Committee/ Executive.

SECRETARY

1. To discharge the functions allocated by the President and to help the General Secretary in his duties.

TREASURER

1. To maintain the income and expenditure account of the Committee/ Executive.
2. To get the accounts examined/ audited and to report the same to the Committee annually.
3. To audit the accounts of all subordinate units.

ARTICLE XVIII: PLENARY SESSION

1. The following shall be entitled to attend the Plenary Session:
 - (a) All members of the National Council;
 - (b) All members of the State Councils;
 - (c) All members of the Party in Parliament;
 - (d) All members of the Party in State Legislature; and
 - (e) All other categories agreed upon by the National Executive for the Session.
2. A Plenary Session of the Party shall ordinarily be held once in every term at such time and place as may be determined by the National Executive.
3. The National President shall preside at the said session.

ARTICLE XIX: SPECIAL SESSION

1. A Special Session of the Party will be held, if the National Executive so decides or if at least 1/3 members of the National Council jointly make a request to the National President to convene such a special session for discussing an agenda specified in the demand.
2. All members of the National Council shall be delegates for the special Session.

ARTICLE XX: POWERS AND JURISDICTION

1. All decisions taken at a Plenary Session or a Special Session shall be binding on all units, organs, allied Morchas, Cells and members of the Party.
2. Subject to the decisions mentioned in sub-clause 1, the National Council shall be the highest policy making body of the party.
3. Subject to sub-clause 1 and 2, the National Executive shall be the highest authority of the Party. Every power not specifically vested in any other organ shall be exercisable by the National Executive. It shall lay down rules for carrying out the functions of all units and organs. It shall frame rules for the maintenance of funds which will be audited and approved annually. It shall be the duty of the National Executive to allocate the powers of all other units and organs, to frame rules, to create machinery for holding elections and for settlement of disputes therefrom.
4. All other organs and units shall perform such functions and carry out such duties in their respective areas may be determined by the National Executive.

ARTICLE XXI: PARLIAMENTARY BOARD

The National Executive shall set up a Parliamentary board consisting of the Party President and 29 other members one of whom will be the Leader of the Party in Parliament, with the Party President as Chairman. One of the General Secretaries shall be nominated as Secretary of the Parliamentary Board by the President.

The parliamentary Board has power to supervise and regulate the activities of the legislative and parliamentary parties of the party, to guide in the formation of ministry and also has the authority to take note of any breach of discipline by members of the legislative and parliamentary parties and also by office-bearers of state-units and take such actions that are necessary. The Board will discuss and decide any policy change which has not till then been adopted by the party. The board shall have power and authority to guide and regulate all the organisational units below the National Executive. This decision shall be ratified at a special meeting of the National executive within twenty-one days of the said decision.

Create machinery for holding elections and for settlement of disputes therefrom. All other organs and units shall perform such functions and carry out such duties in their respective areas may be determined by the National Executive

ARTICLE XXII: CENTRAL ELECTION COMMITTEE

1. The National Executive shall set up a Central Election committee consisting of the Parliamentary Board and 8 other members elected by the National Executive as per rules for the purpose of :
 - (a) Making final selection of candidates for the State Legislatures and Parliament; and
 - (b) Conducting election campaigns

ARTICLE XXIII STATE ELECTION COMMITTEE

By framing necessary rules the State Executive shall elect a State Election Committee of not more than 15 members:

- (a) To propose names of Party candidates for Legislature and Parliamentary seats from the State to the Central Election Committee.
- (b) To make final selection of Party candidates for the various Local Body Elections. Co-operative institutions and the like; and
- (c) To conduct election campaign in the States

ARTICLE XXIV: CO-ORDINATION COMMITTEES

STATE: To co-ordinate and to bring about better understanding and co-operation between the organisational and legislative side of the party a seven-member co-ordination Committee with state president as chairman and other members three of whom will be from state executive and three others from legislature party including the leader of the said wing of the party. This committee will be under the supervision, direction and guidance of central parliamentary board,

DISTRICT: The District president and four other senior members of the district along with (ABP) leaders of corporations, municipalities District Panchayat and co-operative will constitute the district co-ordination committee. The District President will be the Chairman of the Committee. This committee will coordinate, regulate and guide the activities of these local bodies and will

be under the supervision, direction and guidance of state co-ordination committee.

MANDAL : The Mandal President will constitute a mandal co-ordination committee consisting of the leader of the block level panchayats and two representatives of gram panchayats comprised within the mandal and three members of mandal committee of which one will be getieral secretary. The mandal president will be president of this committee This committee will regulate and co-ordinate the activities of panchayats under the mandal and will be under panchayats under the mandal and will be under the supervision, direction and guidance of district co-ordination committee.

ARTICLE XXV: STATE FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS

A six-member finance committee at state level for all the states from out of a panel of ten names submitted by state president will be constituted. Out of the five one will be the state treasurer This five-member committee will be constituted by the national treasurer and will be responsible for the collection of funds, expenditure and maintenance of account in each state. This committee will function under the direction of state president and will be guided by national treasurer.

ARTICLE XXVI SCRUTINY OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The State Executive and the District Committee shall undertake periodical scrutiny of the six year term Register of Members maintained by each Mandal and shall dispose of all complaints regarding irregularities and rectify the records. If large scale irregularities are reported, the National Executive may take such action as it considers necessary. The State Returning Officers

will not proceed with the elections unless the register is scrutinised and rectified as mentioned above.

ARTICLE XXVII MORCHAS AND CELLS

1. Mahila, Youth, Farmers, Minorities, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Morchas will be constituted at all level, and Cells formed at the National, State and District level for the party.

ARTICLE – XXVIII: RULES OF DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND DISCIPLINE

Disciplinary Action Committee of not more than 5 members will be constituted by the National and State Executive respectively at the National and State levels. These Committees shall draw their own procedures.

2. A State Disciplinary Action Committee can take action only against units subordinate to it and individuals other than Members of the National Council and Members of Parliament.
3. On receipt of a complaint for breach of discipline, the National President or the State President, if he so desires may suspend an individual or a Unit followed by a show cause notice within a week of a said order.
4. Maximum 10 days time from the date of receipt of such notice may be given to a person to reply. The State President within 7 days after the due date of the explanation shall forward the said Complaint along with explanation, if any, to the State Disciplinary Action Committee.
5. Disciplinary Action Committee will submit its report to the President in not more than 15 days. The State

President shall take action on the recommendation of the Disciplinary Action Committee within a week. If final order is not passed even after the prescribed time, the case will be referred to the State Executive for decision. The State President will communicate the action taken to the Concerned person or unit within a month.

6. No final decision for breach of discipline shall be taken against any individual or a Unit without an opportunity being given to the individual or Unit concerned to explain and answer such charges as are made against it or him/ her.

Any disciplinary action at the State level shall be reported to the National President within a week of taking such action.

7. Any Unit or member aggrieved by the disciplinary action taken by the State Unit may go in appeal within 15 days to the Central Disciplinary Action Committee. The appeal shall be disposed off within two months. But any appeal against the decision of a State Executive will be considered only in the next meeting of the National Executive. The State President shall communicate the appellant the action taken on the decision of the Central Disciplinary Committee within one month.

7. Any member contesting election against the official candidate of the Party will be summarily expelled from the Party by the State President or the All India President.

BREACH OF DISCIPLINE

Breaching of discipline includes the following:

- (a) Acting or carrying on propaganda against any program or decision of the Party.
- (b) Opposing the official candidate of the Party in elections to public bodies excluding those where party symbols are not allotted.
- (c) Violating any rule or disobeying any order passed by a competent authority of the Party.
- (d) Taking a Party dispute to any other agency outside the Party including print and electronic media.
- (e) Collecting funds for the Party unauthorized, misusing the Party or indulging in malpractices in enrolment of members or in the conduct of Party elections.
- (f) Acting in away calculated to lower the prestige of the Party or carrying on propaganda against any Party Unit or its office-bearers.

SITTINGS

Sittings of the various Units of the Party shall ordinarily be held at least as under:

National Council and State Council- Once every Year.

National Executive and State Executive- Once every three months.

District, Regional and Mandal Committee – Once every once month.

Local Committee- Once every month.

In case no meeting of a Regional, District or a Mandal Committee is held even once in six months, the Unit will automatically stand dissolved. If a Unit becomes inactive, the State Executive will have the power to dissolve the Unit upto the District level after giving it an opportunity to explain.

The State President will nominate an ad-hoc body to look after the work of the dissolved Unit Normally, elections, will be held within six months of the ad-hoc arrangement. But, if even after six months a duly elected unit is not formed, the earlier announced ad- hoc body shall be replaced by another ad-hoc arrangement.

NOTICE FOR MEETINGS

	Ordinary Meeting	Emergency Meeting
Local Committee	5 days	2 days
Regional and Mandal Committee	10 days	3 days
District Committee	15 days	5 days
State Executive	21 days	7 days
National Executive	21 days	7 days
State /National Council	30 days	10 days

VACANCIES

1. Members absenting without approval for three consecutives meetings of their Unit will be liable to be removed by a resolution of the concerned Unit.

2. President of a Local, Mandal, District or a Regional Committee can be removed by a resolution passed by a 2/3 majority of the members present and voting in a meeting of the Unit concerned. Provided a written notice signed by not less than half of the members of the Committee is sent to the President of the concerned Higher Committee, on receipt of which he will nominate an office-bearer/ member of this Committee to call an emergency meeting of the lower Committee under the nominee's chairmanship where the notice will be taken up.

3. A President can remove an office-bearer nominated by him only after a motion to the effect is adopted by his Committee.
4. The All India President or a State President can be removed by a resolution passed by 2/3 majority of the members of Council members, at a requisitioned meeting by at least 1/3 of the total number of members of the Council. The requisitioned meeting shall be held within 20 days from the date of the receipt of the motion by the concerned president.
5. To fill vacancy in any Committee or a Council the remaining elected members of that body will be entitled to fill the vacancy. But a vacancy of the woman member, SC/ST members will be filled up by members belonging to the respective categories only
6. Vacancy of the President of any Unit will be filled in the same manner as was done originally, till then an ad-hoc appointment will be made by the President of the higher body who in turn will nominate his office-bearers from amongst the members of the existing Committee/ Executive.
7. No post will remain vacant for more than 6 months.

Article- XXIX: Basics Rules of Conduct of Business

- a. The decisions will be taken in all the councils and committee on the basis of simple majority, where unanimity is not possible. However, constitutional amendments shall require two third majorities for approval.
- b. The quorum for all meetings of councils and committee shall be one third of the strength of the council or committee.

- c. Due notice of at least 2 weeks shall be given for any meetings of the council or committee.
- d. Has the provision for valid meetings of the various Committees, councils and other representative bodies of the party, that the quorum should be minimum of 1/3rd members of the Committee/Council/Body, been provided in the Party Constitution.

ARTICLE XXX ELECTION DISPUTES

Subject to the rules framed by the National Executive, State Executives, District Committees and Mandal Committees shall make arrangements for dealing and disposing of all disputes arising out of elections so Units and organs within their jurisdiction

ARTICLE XXXI INTERPRETATION OF CONSTITUTION

The national Executive has the power and authority to interpret the Articles and Kales of the party constitution and also import thereof whenever an occasion arises for the same The National Executive decision in respect of the above shall be final and binding on any member or unit.

ARTICLE XXXII PARTY FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS.

The Party will maintain a fund, the contributions for which will come from its members, supporters and Well Wishers. Complete transparency shall be observed in respect of this fund which shall be used only for political activities related with The Party.

The party will submit its annual financial return to the commission within six month of the each financial year

and the audit of the party accounts will be conducted by an auditor empanelled with the CAG. The fund of the party will be used for political purpose only and the party will abide by the instruction issued by the commission from time to time in the maintenance of its accounts.

The audited statement of accounts will also be submitted to income tax authorities.

The treasurer of the party will be responsible for keeping regular accounts.

A Bank account shall be opened which will be operated jointly by the National President, National Treasurer OR one of the National General Secretaries authorized by the President.

ARTICLE XXXIII AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION

The Constitution can be amended except Article II, only by the National Central Council of the party. The National Executive Council shall have the power to recommend amendment to this constitution, except Article II, by a majority of two-third of its members present and voting after due notice. The changes made by the National Executive Council shall be placed before the next meeting of National Central Council of the party for approval.

ARTICLE XXXIV: MERGER, SPLIT AND DISSOLUTION PROCEDURE

A. Merger

In special circumstances the party may merge with any other political party with similar aims and objectives. The decision of merger will have to be taken by two third majority of the National Central Council and National Executive Committee after circulating the resolution of merger to all State council and extensive discussion in these bodies. The resolution of merger will be placed in National Central Council and National Executive Committee only after concurrence from two thirds of the State council.

B.Split/ Dissolution:

If due to unavoidable situation The Party has to split/dissolve, the decision will have to be taken by two third majorities in the National Central Council and National Executive Committee. In the case of split/dissolution all the movable and immovable assets of the party will be divided according to the decision of the State Council after circulating the resolution of Split/ Dissolution to all the state councils and extensive discussion in these bodies. The split/ dissolution can take place only after concurrence from two third of thirds of the state councils.

ARTICLE-XXXV: PARTY'S ALLEGIANCE TO THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

The party shall bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established and to the principles of socialism, secularism and democracy and would uphold the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India.